$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## AU1: HW \#3 - Multi-Step Equations

Class: $\qquad$

Directions: Solve the following equations, show the check when asked.

1. $-5 c+9 c=-20$

Check:
2. $36=6 b-6+b$
3. $\frac{2}{3} g+\frac{1}{2} g=14$
4. $6(7 k-10)=24$

Check:
5. $4(g+2)+8 g=56$
6. $6(2 k+5)-3 k=66$
7. Two angles form a complementary pair (sum is $90^{\circ}$ ), one angle is $3 x-10$ the other angle is $x+8$. Using an equation determine the measure of each angle.
8. If a number is added to itself and the sum is multiplied by 2 , the product is 4 . What is the number?

Determine whether the following number sentences are TRUE of FALSE.
9. $(123+54) \cdot 4=123+(54 \cdot 4)$
10. $x y=-2$ if $x=-3 \& y=\frac{2}{3}$

## Spiral:

11. $-1 \frac{7}{9} \div-4 \frac{4}{11}$
12. The variables $a, b, c$ are each represented by a different whole number.

Given that $c=2$, use the properties to determine the values of $a$ and $b$.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
a \times b=b & a= \\
a-a=b & b= \\
a+c=5 & c= \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

13. The diagram below, when completed, shows all possible ways to build equivalent expressions of $3 x^{2}$ using multiplication. The equivalent expressions are connected by labeled segments stating which property of operations, $\mathbf{A}$ for Associative and $\mathbf{C}$ for Commutative Property, justifies why the two expressions are equivalent.

Fill in the empty circles with $\mathbf{A}$ or $\mathbf{C}$ and the empty rectangle with the missing expression to complete the diagram.


