Class:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

M8-U3: Notes# 4 – Rotations

**Rotation** - turning a figure about a fixed point

How can we turn objects?

1.

2.

We need to know the two "D's" of rotations:

1.

2.

After a rotation has been performed, is the image going to be similar or congruent? Explain.

**Example:** 

- 1. Triangle *ABC* is labeled on your graph below.
  - a) Rotate Triangle ABC, 90° counterclockwise. Label the triangle A'B'C'.
  - b) Rotate Triangle ABC, 180° counterclockwise. Label the triangle A" B" C".
  - c) Rotate Triangle *ABC*, 270° counterclockwise. Label the triangle *A''' B''' C'''*.



2. Organize your results from Part A in the table.

Starting Point	90° Rotation CC	180° Rotation CC	270° Rotation CC	360° Rotation CC	
A (1, 4)					
<i>B</i> (5, 2)					
<i>C</i> (2, 0)					

**3.** Complete each rule for finding the image of any point (x, y) under the given rotation.

a)	90° rotation about the origin:	( <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> )	$\rightarrow$	(	,	)
b)	180° rotation about the origin:	( <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> )	$\rightarrow$	(	,	)
c)	270° rotation about the origin:	( <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> )	$\rightarrow$	(	,	)
d)	360° rotation about the origin:	(x, y)	$\rightarrow$	(	,	)

- 4. What are the coordinates of (3, -2) under a 90° counterclockwise rotation about the origin?
- 5. What are the coordinates of (- 5, 4) under a 180° counterclockwise rotation about the origin?
- 6. What are the coordinates of (3, 2) under a 90° clockwise rotation about the origin?

- 7.
- **a.** Draw the final image created by rotating triangle  $RST 90^\circ$  counterclockwise about the origin and then reflecting the image in the *x*-axis.



**b.** Draw the final image created by reflecting triangle RST in the *x*-axis and then rotating the image 90° counterclockwise about the origin.



**c.** Are the final images in parts (a) and (b) the same? Why or why not?

## **Rotation Summary**



\*\* Note: Negative sign in this case means opposite. \*\*